SBI4U MOLECULAR GENETICS Unit Checklist

Name:

loreescience

Mastery Checks may be attempted more than once and are not considered complete until \geq 70% is achieved. Notes and activities will be checked for completion & corrections.

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Торіс	Objective(s)	Key Concepts	Approx. # classes	Mastery Check				
1	Ethics in Genetics: Explain social, ethical, and legal implications of genetics & biotechnology	ain social, ethical, and legal implications of genetics - Genetic testing & screening						
2	DNA Structure & History: Describe historical scientific contributions that have advanced molecular genetics Explain the basic structure and components of DNA	1	Got It!					
3	DNA Replication: Explain how DNA replication occurs in cells and why it is important Describe the different repair mechanisms that can correct mistakes in DNA sequencing	bow DNA replication occurs in cells and why it is t the different repair mechanisms that can the different repair mechanisms that can						
4	Transcription: Explain the process of transcription and its importance to living organisms Compare the structures and functions of RNA and DNA, and explain their roles in the process of protein synthesis-Central Dogma: DNA \rightarrow RNA \rightarrow Protein - DNA \rightarrow mRNA, 5' to 3' -Genomes: Genes & Non-Coding DNA, Introns, Exons - Nucleus, Promoters (TATA box), Template strand, RNA Polymerase, 5' cap, Poly-A tail, mRNA, Terminators, Processing		2	Got It!				
5	Translation: Explain the steps of translation as involved in the process of protein synthesis	 Cytoplasm tRNA, rRNA, Ribosome A-P-E sites, codons, start codon, amino acids, stop codon Amino Acid interactions & shape Wobble hypothesis 						
6	Mutations: Explain how mutations can occur by changing the genetic material in cells and the effects of these changes	-Causes: Physical/Chemical, Spontaneous errors, Germ/Somatic -Types: Point (Substitution & Insert/Delete), Inversion, Duplication, Translocation, Transposon -Effects: Silent, Missense/nonsense, Wobble Effect, Role of Introns, Non-Coding Sections -Significance: Loss of function, Enhanced Function, Advantage	2	Got It!				
7	Control Mechanisms: Explain how genetic expression is controlled in prokaryotes and eukaryotes by regulatory proteins	- Lac Operon & Trp Operon - Regulators	1	Got It!				
8	Biotechnology Describe examples of genetic modification, and explain how it is applied in industry and agriculture	- PCR - RFLP - CRISPR	1					

Molecular Genetics Terms to Know



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-	3'	- Exonuclease A site	 Okazaki Fragments 	- RNA Primer
-	5'	- Expression	- Operator	- Semiconservative
-	Adenine	- Frame shift	- Operon	- Silent mutation
-	Aminoacyl-tRNA	- Franklin	 Origin of Replication 	- Single-Stranded Binding
-	Anticodon	- Gene Patenting	- P site	Proteins
-	Antiparallel	- Gene Regulation	 Parental Strand 	- Small Subunit
-	BRCA Gene	- Genes	- Peptide Bond	- Spontaneous
-	Central Dogma	- Glycosyl Bond	- Phosphate Group	- Substitution
-	Chargaff's Rule	- Guanine	- Phosphodiester Bond	- TATA Box
-	Codon	- Housekeeping genes	- Pluripotent	- Termination
-	Complimentary	- Induced mutation	- Point Mutation	- Termination Sequence
	Base-Pairing	- Induction	- Polypeptide	- Thymine
-	Cytosine	- Initiation	- Posttranscriptional	- Totipotent
-	Daughter Strand	- Insertion	- Posttranslational	- Transcription
-	Deletion	- Inversion	- Primase	- Transcription Factor
-	Deoxyribose Sugar	- lac Operon	- Promoter	- Transcription factors
-	DNA Fingerprinting	 Lagging Strand 	- Promoter Region	- Transcription Unit
-	DNA Gyrase	 Large Subunit 	- Purine	- Transcriptional
-	DNA Helicase	 Leading Strand 	- Pyrimidine	- Translation
-	DNA Ligase	- Missense mutation	- Reading Frame	- Translational
-	DNA Polymerase I	- mRNA	- Release Factor	- Translocation
-	DNA Polymerase III	 Mutagenic agent 	- Replication	- Transposable
-	DNA Template	- Mutation	- Replication Bubble	- tRNA
-	Double Helix	 Nitrogenous Base 	- Replication Fork	- trp Operon
-	Double Helix	- Nonsense mutation	- Repression	- Upstream
-	Downstream	- Nucleotide	- Ribosome	
-	Elongation		- RNA Polymerase II	

NOVEMBER 2023

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	1	2

DECEMBER 2023						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	44	10	10		4.5	