Bending Light PhET Lab

Name:



Go to https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulation/bending-light and open the Bending Light Sim. Click on Intro. loreescience

Move the **protractor** and line it up with the surface of the interface between the two materials.

Press the **red button** to turn on the laser.

For each scenario, select the top and bottom material as specified in each data table. Record the index of refraction, n, for each material in the data table. Choose **two** different incident angles between $5^{\circ} - 85^{\circ}$ for each scenario, and record the incident, reflected, and refracted angles in the table.

After filing in the table, draw the rays as they are in the sim.

Top Material: Air Top Index of Refraction (n):

Bottom Material: Water

Bottom Index of Refraction (n):

Incident	Reflected	Refracted
Angle	Angle	Angle

Top Material: Air

Top Index of Refraction (n):

Bottom Material: Glass

Bottom Index of Refraction (n):

Incident	Reflected	Refracted
Angle	Angle	Angle

Top Material: Water

Top Index of Refraction (n):

Bottom Material: Glass

Bottom Index of Refraction (n):

Incident Angle	Reflected Angle	Refracted Angle

Top Material: Water

Top Index of Refraction (n):

Bottom Material: Air

Bottom Index of Refraction (n):

Incident Angle	Reflected Angle	Refracted Angle







Click home. Click on Prisms.

Turn on the laser. Drag the triangle prism into the path of the laser. Click on the Normal button on the bottom right.

Draw the light rays, prism, and normal for your configuration below. Click on the protractor button & complete the table.

Angle of incidence	Angle of refraction

Change the light to **white light**. Rotate the prism until the light that comes out the other side of the prism is separated into the color spectrum. Draw your configuration indicating where the **red and blue** light is.

What color of light refracts more when moving through the prism? WHY?