| SERIEN | Type of Circuit | PARALEL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of pathways |  |
|  | Diagram |  |
|  | Examples |  |
|  | Advantages |  |
|  | Disadvantages |  |
| ACTION <br> (Use 1.5 V battery) |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Compare the brightness of light bulbs |  |  |
| What happens when you unscrew 1 light bulb? |  |  |
| What happens when you open the switch? |  |  |
| What happens to the light bulbs when you turn the voltage up to 9 V battery? |  |  |
| What happens to the brightness when you add a $3^{\text {rd }}$ light bulb? |  |  |
| How many paths are there for electrons? |  |  |

Follow Up Questions:
Complete the chart but putting a check in the correct column

|  | Series | Parallel |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. only one path for electricity to follow |  |  |
| 2. more than one path for electricity to follow |  |  |
| 3. all loads (ex. lights) are on or all loads are off |  |  |
| 4. good way to wire a home |  |  |
| 5. loads work or shut off one at a time |  |  |
| 6. appliances share the electricity |  |  |
| 7. an extra bulb makes the others less bright |  |  |
| 8. appliances do not share the electricity |  |  |
| 9. not a good way to wire a home |  |  |
| 10. an extra bulb does not change the brightness of the others |  |  |

8) Draw a series circuit with 2 dry cells (battery), two light bulbs.
9) Draw circuit with 2 dry cells (battery) and three light bulbs in parallel.
10) Draw a circuit with 2 dry cells, 3 light bulbs in parallel and a switch that controls only the middle bulb
11) Draw a circuit with a power source that has 2 bulbs in series and a third bulb in parallel to both other bulbs.
